## Algebra 2 – Section 3-6 Multiplying Polynomials

■ Essential Question: How do you multiply polynomials?

■ Is there more than one method you can use?

# Review of the Distributive Property

$$a(b + c) = ab + bc$$

$$(3)(x-3) = 3x^2 - 9x$$

$$(-x^2)(-2x^2+3x-5) = 2x^4 - 3x^3 + 5x^2$$

## **EXAMPLE 1** Multiply polynomials using the distributive property

# Find the product (x-4)(3x+2).

Use the distributive property twice and combine like terms

$$3x^{2} + 2x - 12x - 8$$

Find the product 
$$(3+7)(3a-1)$$
.  
 $3a^2 - (a+2)a^{-7}$   
 $3a^2 + 20a - 7$ 

### Multiply binomials using the FOIL pattern FOIL.

F – Product of the 1st terms of each binomial

O – Product of the **outside** terms of each binomial

I – Product of the **inside** terms of each binomial

L – Product of the **last** terms of each binomial

Find the product (3a+4)(a-2).

$$f 3a \cdot a = 3a^{2}$$
  
 $0 3a \cdot -2 = -6a$   
 $1 4 \cdot a = 4a$   
 $2a - 8$   
 $4 \cdot -2 = -8$ 

Find the product (a+5)(2a-8).

#### **EXAMPLE 3** Multiply polynomials using a table

Find the product  $(b^2 + 6b - 7)(3b - 4)$ .

$$6^{2}$$
  $66$   $-7$   $36^{3}$   $+ 146^{2}$   $+ 456 + 28$ 

Find the product (a-4)(a-2).

#### **EXAMPLE 4** Multiply using vertical alignment

Find the product  $(2x^2 + 5x - 1)(4x - 3)$ .

$$2x^{2}+5x-1
4x-3
-6x^{2}-15x+3
8x^{3}+20x^{2}-4x$$

$$8x^{3}+14x^{2}-19x+3$$

## **EXAMPLE 6** Squaring a binomial

To square a binomial like  $(2x - 3)^2$  means to multiply it by itself. You cannot just pass out the exponent.

$$(2x-3)^2 = (2x-3)(2x-3)$$
 Foll

$$(2x-3)^{2} = (2x-3)(2x-3) \text{ Foll}$$

$$(3x+5)^{2} = (3x+5)(3x+5)$$

 $9x^{2} + 30x + 25$ 

## **Standardized Test Practice**

The dimensions of a rectangle are x + 3 and x + 2. Which expression represents the area of the rectangle?

**A** 
$$x^2 + 6$$
 **B**  $x^2 + 5x + 6$  **C**  $x^2 + 6x + 6$  **D**  $x^2 + 6x$ 

$$x^2 + 5x + 6$$

$$x^2 + 6x + 6$$

$$\mathbf{\hat{D}}$$
  $x^2 + 6x$ 

## **GUIDED PRACTICE**

Find the product. Use the method of your choice.

4. 
$$(x^2 + 2x + 1)(x + 2)$$
  
 $\times (x^2 + 2x + 1)(x + 2)$ 

$$(5.) (3y^2 - y + 5)(2y - 3) \qquad (6y^3 - ||y^2 + ||3y| - |5|)$$

6. 
$$(4b-5)(b-2)$$
  $4\sqrt{2}-13b+10$